

C11 - 7.0 - Absolute Values/Reciprocal Steps

[Check Answer!](#)

Absolute Values (Transformations*)

"+" case: Distribute a positive into the absolute value

+ve Case

Graph the Original first (TOV/Transformations)
Reflect y - values Up/Down at Vertex

Domain of positive case:

Set what is inside the absolute value greater than or equal to zero.

Piecewise function:

Notice: The domain of the negative case is not equal to.

$$y = \begin{cases} "+" \text{ case, } & \text{Domain of "+" case} \\ "-" \text{ case, } & \text{Domain of "-" case} \end{cases}$$

"-" case: Distribute a negative into the absolute value*

-ve Case

x	y
-3	1
-2	0
-1	1

Domain of negative case:
Set what is inside the absolute value less than zero.

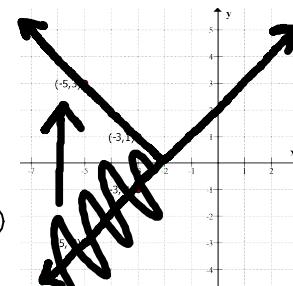
$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = \begin{cases} x + 2, \text{ if } x \geq -2 \\ -x - 2, \text{ if } x < -2 \end{cases}$$

$y_1 = \text{LHS}$ Calc
 $y_2 = \text{RHS}$
Find Intersection

Math Num abs()

$$y = |x + 2|$$



Reciprocals (Rationals*)

Graph the Original first!!! (TOV/Transformations)

VA

Vertical Asymptotes (VA) = x - intercepts on the Original. $(x, 0)$ (Factor!)

Or

Draw a Vertical Dotted Line

VA: Set Denominator = 0 and solve

$$\text{VA: } x = VA$$

Domain: $x \neq VA$

$$y = x + 4$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x + 4}$$

Domain:
 $x \neq -4$

IP

Invariant Points: $(x, \pm 1)$

Circle Points : Invariant Points $(x, \pm 1)$

Every point with a y value of ± 1 , -1

Or

Set denominator
 $= \pm 1$ and solve

Or

Draw Horizontal lines Dotted Line(s): $y = 1$ and $y = -1$
Draw and circle Points on the Intersection of the Original and the Horizontal Lines

HA

Horizontal Asymptote : Draw a horizontal dotted line at $y = 0$ (The x - axis)(HA)

$$y - \text{int} = \frac{1}{\text{old } y - \text{int}}$$

x	y
-5	-1
-4	und
-3	-1

Pick an x value on $f(x)$.
Do one over the y - value
Draw the new point.

$$y = \frac{1}{x + 4}$$

Ready to Graph

Close to VA Through Point, Close to x - axis (HA)

Range*: $y \neq 0$

Check on Graphing Calculator! Brackets!!!

$$y = \frac{1}{(x + 4)}$$

