


# C11 - 9.1 - Linear Inequalities In Two Variables Notes

## Graph the following Inequality

$y > x - 2$       Graph:  $y = x - 2$   
 $y = mx + b$

$<, >$          $---$     (Open Dots, Dotted line)

### Test Point

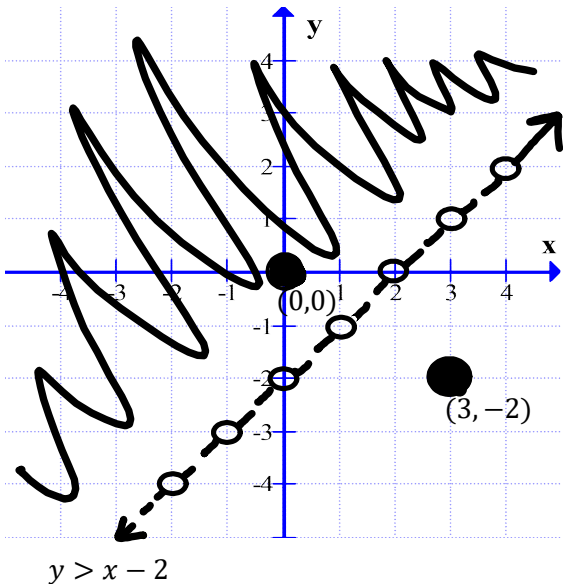
Choose a Point on either side of the Line

$(x, y)$   
 $(0, 0)$

Zero-Zero Test\*

$y > x - 2$   
 $0 > 0 - 2$     ✓    Substitute for  $x$  and  $y$ .  
 $0 > -2$

Correct: Shade the  $(0, 0)$  side of the line.



### Find Equation

Test Point	Equation
$y \quad x - 2$	$y \quad mx + b \quad (x, y)$
$0 \quad 0 - 2$	"Space" $(0, 0)$
$0 \quad -2$	
$0 > -2$ ✓	Make a correct Statement
$y > x - 2$ (circled)	$y \quad x - 2$

Test Point	$(x, y)$	$y > x - 2$
<b>OR</b>	$(3, -2)$	$-2 > 3 - 2$ ✗ $-1 > 1$ ✗

Incorrect: Shade the Not  $(3, -2)$  side of the line.

Notice: the  $(0, 0)$  test only works if  $(0, 0)$  is not on the line. If  $(0, 0)$  is on the line we must choose a distinct point that is not on the line like  $(5, 0)$  or  $(0, 2)$ .

**OR**    "Shade" above/below than "the line"


## Isolate for $y$ or $TOV$    $y = mx + b$

$x - y \geq 2$      $x - y \geq 2$   
 $-y \geq -x + 2$     **OR**     $x - 2 \geq y$   
 $y \leq x - 2$      $y \leq x - 2$

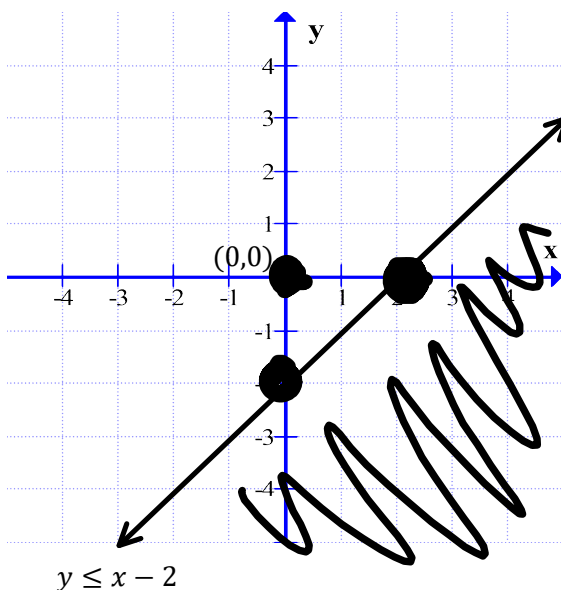
Add  $y$     Subtract  $x$   
 Subtract 2 (Both Sides)    Divide\* by  $-1$   
 Mirror    Change Sign!

## Graph the following Inequality

$y \leq x - 2$       Graph  $y = x - 2$

$\leq, \geq$          $---$     (Closed Dots, Solid Line)

Test Point     $y \leq x - 2$     Incorrect: Shade  
 $(0, 0)$      $0 \leq 0 - 2$     ✗    "Not" the  $(0, 0)$   
 $0 \leq -2$     side of the line.



### Find Equation

Test Point	Equation
$y \quad x - 2$	$y \quad mx + b \quad (x, y)$
$0 \quad 0 - 2$	"Space" $(0, 0)$
$0 \quad -2$	
$0 \leq -2$ ✗	Make a Incorrect Statement
$y \leq x - 2$ (circled)	$y \quad x - 2$

Replace the word  $y$  with "shade"  
 Greater than = above/Less than = below  
 Replace the equation with "the line"

# C11 - 9.2 - Linear/Quadratic Inequalities In One Variable Notes

**Solve**

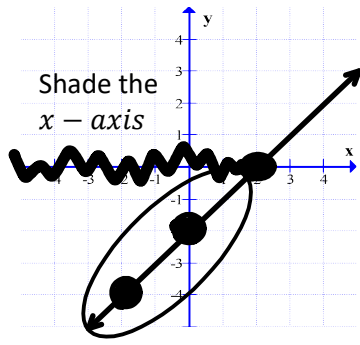
$$x - 2 \leq 0$$

$$x - 2 \leq 0$$

$$+2 \quad +2 \quad \text{Solve}$$

$$x \leq 2$$

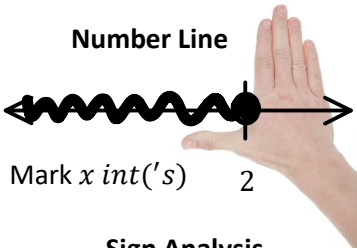
Graphing y values  $\leq 0$   
The Thing  $\leq 0$



$$y = x - 2$$

What are the x values when  $y \leq 0$ . Circle them!

**Number Line**



Mark x int('s) 2

**Sign Analysis**

Pick a value

$$x \leq 2 \qquad x \geq 2$$

$$x = 0 \quad \text{Substitute} \quad x = 4$$

$x - 2 \leq 0$	$x - 2 \leq 0$
$0 - 2 \leq 0$	$4 - 2 \leq 0$
$-2 \leq 0$ ✓	$2 \leq 0$ ✗

Correct:  
Shade that section

$$x \leq 2$$

Incorrect:  
Shade Not that section

$$-x^2 + 5x - 4 < 0$$

$$-x^2 + 5x - 4 < 0$$

$$-(x^2 - 5x + 4) < 0$$

$$\frac{(x^2 - 5x + 4)}{-1} > \frac{0}{-1} \quad \div -1^*$$

$$x^2 - 5x + 4 > 0$$

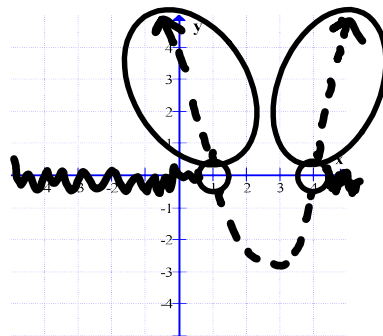
$$(x - 4)(x - 1) > 0 \quad \text{Factor}$$

x - intercept's

$$x - 4 = 0 \quad x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = 4 \quad x = 1$$

Graphing y values  $> 0$   
The Thing  $> 0$



$$y = (x - 4)(x - 1)$$

What are the x values when  $y > 0$ . Circle them!

**Number Line**



**Sign Analysis**

Pick a value

$$x < 1 \qquad 1 < x < 4 \qquad x > 4$$

$$x = 0 \qquad x = 2 \qquad x = 5$$

↓	Substitute	↓
$(x - 4)(x - 1) > 0$	$(1)(4) > 0$	
$(0 - 4)(0 - 1) > 0$	$4 > 0$	
$(-4)(-1) > 0$	$4 > 0$ ✓	
	$(-2)(1) > 0$	
	$-2 > 0$ ✗	

$$x < 1 \quad x > 4$$

$$x^2 - 4 \leq 0$$

$$x^2 - 4 \leq 0$$

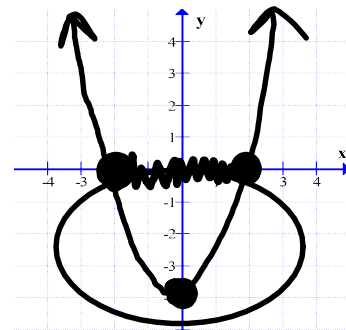
$$(x + 2)(x - 2) \leq 0$$

$$x + 2 = 0 \quad x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = -2 \quad x = 2$$

x - intercept's

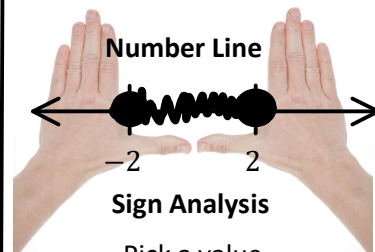
Graphing y values  $\leq 0$   
The Thing  $\leq 0$



$$y = x^2 - 4$$

What are the x values when  $y \geq 0$ . Circle them!

**Number Line**



**Sign Analysis**

Pick a value

$$x \leq -2 \quad -2 \leq x \leq 2 \quad x \geq 2$$

$$x = -3 \quad x = 0 \quad x = 3$$

↓	$x^2 - 4 \leq 0$	↓
↓	$(-3)^2 - 4 \leq 0$	↓
↓	$5 \leq 0$ ✗	↓
	$x^2 - 4 \leq 0$	
	$(0)^2 - 4 \leq 0$	
	$5 \leq 0$ ✓	

$$-2 \leq x \leq 2$$

The answer is only the Domain. The number line and graph is only to help. There is no y involved.

# C11 - 9.3 - Quadratic Inequalities in Two Variables Notes

Graph the following inequalities

TOV

(Closed dots, Solid Line)

$$y = x^2 - 4$$

$$y \leq x^2 - 4$$

Graph:  $y = x^2 - 4$

Test Point (0,0)

$$y \leq x^2 - 4$$

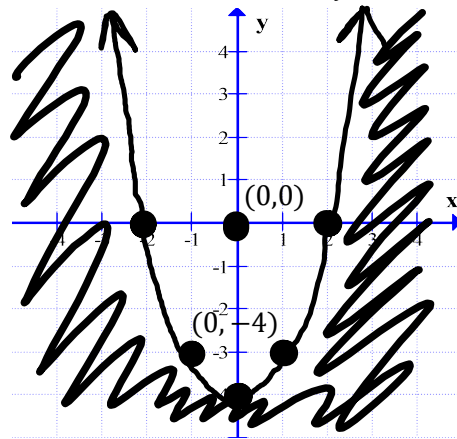
$$0 \leq (0)^2 - 4$$

$$0 \leq -4$$

Substitute for x and y.



x	y
-2	0
-1	-3
0	-4
1	-3
2	0



Incorrect: Shade the "NOT" (0,0) side of the line.

Find Equation

$$y = a(x - p)^2 + q$$

$$y = a(x - 0)^2 - 4$$

$$-3 = a(1 - 0)^2 - 4$$

$$-3 = 1a - 4$$

$$1 = a$$

$$y = 1(x - 0)^2 - 4$$

$$y = x^2 - 4$$

Vertex Form

(x, y)

(0, -4) Vertex

(x, y)

(1, -3) Point

Test Point

$$y \quad x^2 - 4$$

$$0 \quad 0^2 - 4$$

$$0 \leq -4$$



$$y \leq x^2 - 4$$

"Space" (x, y)  
(0,0)

Make a Incorrect Statement

$$y > x^2 - 2x - 3$$

(Open dots, Dotted line)

$$y = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

Graph:  $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$

$$y = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

Complete the square  $(\frac{b}{2})^2$

$$y = (x^2 - 2x) - 3$$

$$y = (x^2 - 2x + 1 - 1) - 3$$

$$y = (x - 1)^2 - 4 \quad (1, -4) \quad \text{Vertex}$$

$$y = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$y = (x + 1)(x - 3)$$

$$x = -1 \quad x = 3 \quad x\text{-intercepts}$$

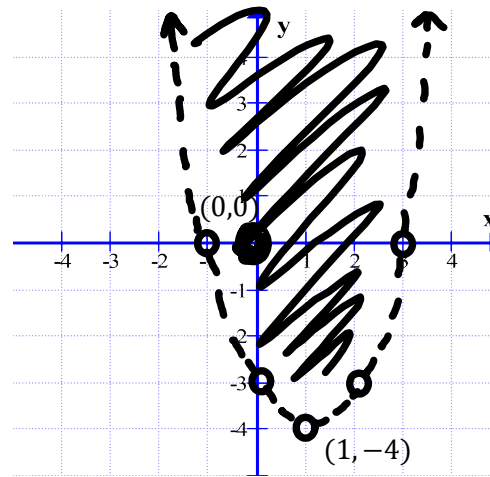
Test Point (0,0)

$$y > x^2 - 4$$

$$0 > 0 - 4$$

$$0 > -4$$

Substitute for x and y.



Correct: Shade the (0,0) side of the line.

Find Equation

$$y = a(x - p)^2 + q$$

$$y = a(x - 1)^2 - 4$$

$$-3 = a(2 - 1)^2 - 4$$

$$-3 = 1a - 4$$

$$1 = a$$

$$y = 1(x - 1)^2 - 4$$

$$y = (x - 1)^2 - 4$$

Vertex Form

(x, y)

(1, -4) Vertex

(x, y)

(2, -3) Point

Test Point

$$y \quad (x - 1)^2 - 4$$

$$0 \quad (0 - 1)^2 - 4$$

$$0 \leq -3$$



$$y \leq (x - 1)^2 - 4$$

"Space" (x, y)  
(0,0)

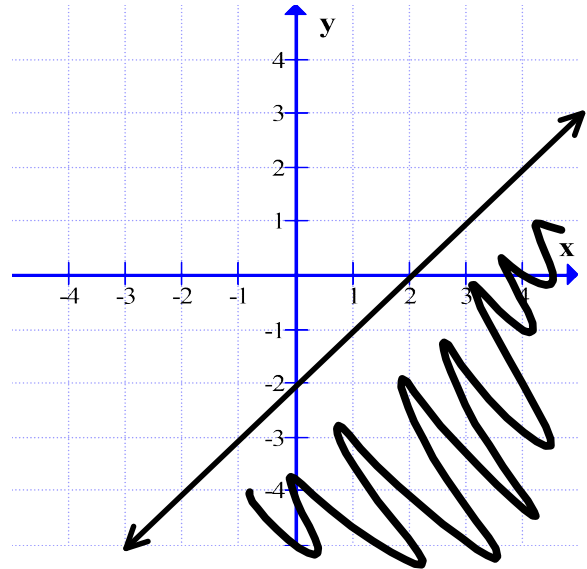
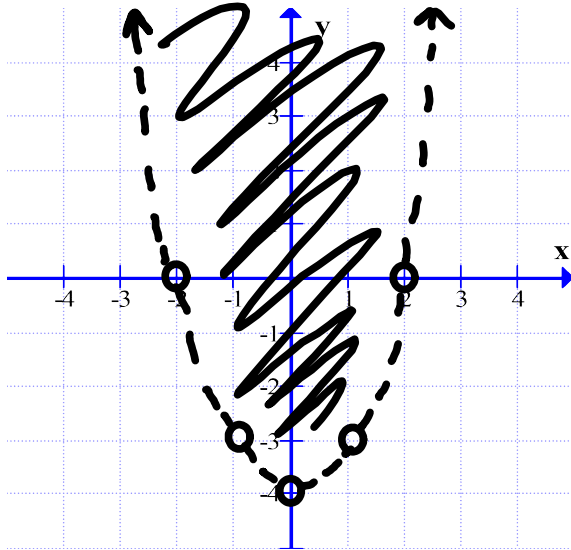
Make a Correct Statement

# C11 - 9.3 - Inequalities Systems Notes

Solve the following system by graphing:

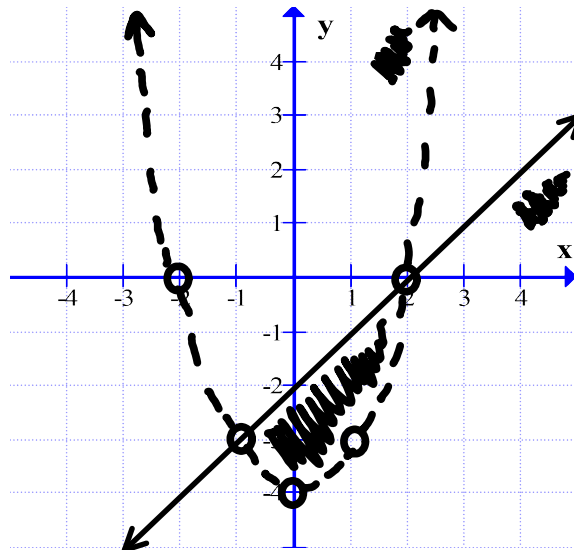
$$y > x^2 - 4$$

$$y \leq x - 2$$



$$y > x^2 - 4$$

$$y \leq x - 2$$



Notice: we have graphed each equation and shaded only the region which satisfies both inequalities.

# C11 - 9.4 - Burgers and Fries Notes

let  $b = \# \text{ burgers}$   
let  $f = \# \text{ fries}$

burgers = \$3  
fries = \$2

\$12 to spend

$$3b + 2f \leq 12$$

1 burger = $3 \times 1 = 3$
3 burger = $3 \times 2 = 6$
b burger = $3 \times b = 3b$

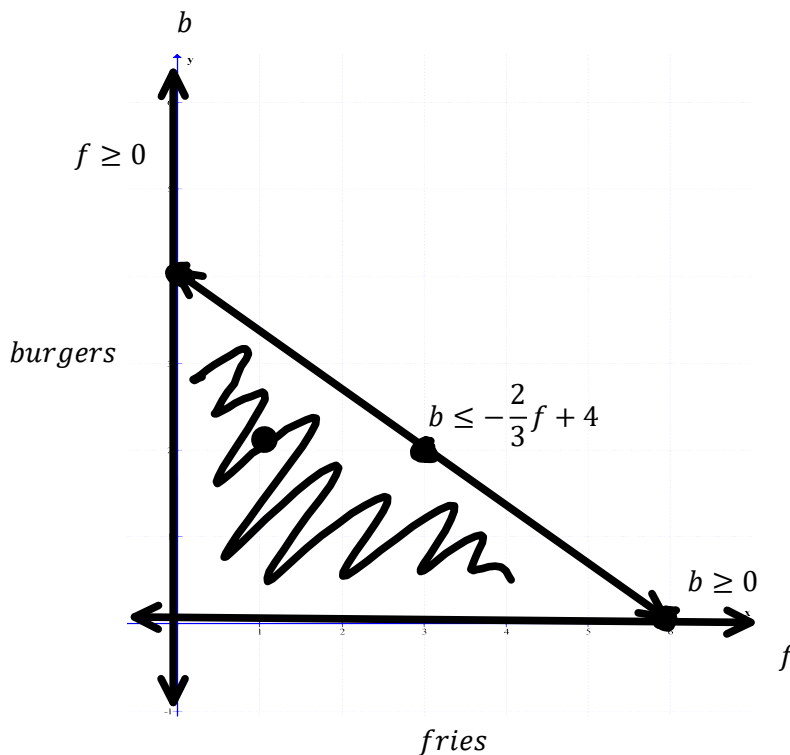
$$3b + 2f \leq 12$$

$$3b \leq -2f + 12$$

$$b \leq -\frac{2}{3}f + 4$$

$y = mx + b$
--------------

f	b
0	4
6	0



- | $(f, b)$ | Cost |
|----------|------|
| (0, 4)   | \$12 |
| (0, 3)   | \$9  |
| (0, 2)   | \$6  |
| (0, 1)   | \$3  |
| (0, 0)   | \$0  |
| (1, 3)   | \$11 |
| (1, 2)   | \$8  |
| (1, 1)   | \$5  |
| (1, 0)   | \$2  |
| (2, 2)   | \$10 |
| (2, 1)   | \$7  |
| (2, 0)   | \$4  |
| (3, 2)   | \$12 |
| (3, 1)   | \$9  |
| (3, 0)   | \$6  |
| (4, 1)   | \$11 |
| (4, 0)   | \$8  |
| (5, 0)   | \$10 |
| (6, 0)   | \$12 |

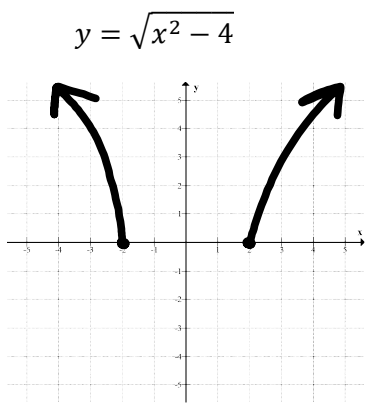
Test Point: (1,1)

$b \geq 0$  ✓  $f \geq 0$  ✓  
 $1 \geq 0$  ✓  $1 \geq 0$  ✓

$b \leq -\frac{2}{3}f + 4$   
 $1 \leq -\frac{2}{3}(1) + 4$  ✓  
 $1 \leq \frac{10}{3}$  ✓

Restrictions
$0 \leq b \leq 4$ $b \in W$
$0 \leq f \leq 6$ $f \in W$
$W$ : Whole Numbers

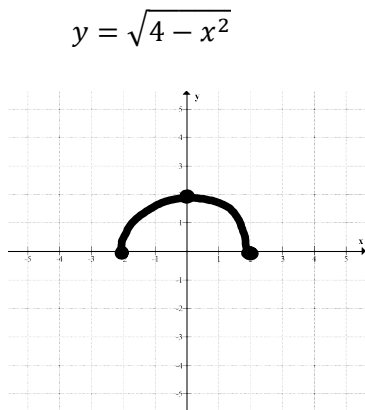
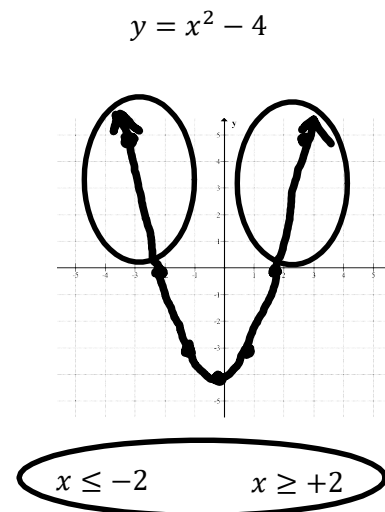
# C11 - 9.5 - Inequalities Quadratic Restrictions Notes



$x$	$y$
-3	$\sqrt{5}$
-2	0
2	0
3	$\sqrt{5}$

Range  
 $y \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 - 4 &\geq 0 \\
 x^2 &\geq 4 \\
 \sqrt{x^2} &\geq \sqrt{4} \\
 |x| &\geq 2 \\
 \pm x &\geq 2 \\
 x &\geq 2 \quad -x \geq 2 \\
 &\quad \quad \quad x \leq -2 \\
 \boxed{x \geq +2 \quad x \leq -2}
 \end{aligned}$$



$x$	$y$
-2	0
0	2
2	0

Range  
 $0 \leq y \leq 2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4 - x^2 &\geq 0 \\
 x^2 &\leq 4 \\
 x &\leq 2 \quad x \geq -2 \\
 \boxed{-2 \leq x \leq 2}
 \end{aligned}$$

