

C12 - 10.1 - Function Notation Notes

$$y = f(x) = y$$

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$y = x + 2$$

$$y(3) = 3 + 2$$

$f(3) = ?$ $(3, y)$ *What is y when x is 3. Put 3 in for x.*

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$f(3) = 3 + 2$$

$$f(3) = 5$$

$(3, 5)$

Put whatever is inside the brackets in for x.

x	y
3	5

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$f(x) = 6$ $(x, 6)$ *What is x when y is 6. Put 6 in for f(x).*

$$x = ?$$

$$y = x + 2$$

$$6 = x + 2$$

$$-2 \quad -2$$

$$4 = x$$

$$x = 4$$

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$6 = x + 2$$

$$-2 \quad -2$$

$$4 = x$$

$$x = 4$$

$(4, 6)$

Put whatever f(x) is equal to in for f(x).

x	y
4	6

$$f(x + 5) = ?$$

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$f(x + 5) = (x + 5) + 2$$

$$f(x + 5) = x + 7$$

Put x + 5 in for f's x

$$f(3x) = ?$$

$$f(x) = x + 2$$

$$f(3x) = (3x) + 2$$

$$f(3x) = 3x + 2$$

Put 3x in for f's x

*f(x) does not mean f × x
 f(x) is one thing
 We dont divide by any part of f(x) or f(#)
 Cant Distribute/Factor in/out of a function f(x)*