

C12 - 5.0 - Int Particle Motion Notes

$$F(b) = F(a) + \int_a^b f(x) dx \quad \int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a) \quad \text{FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF CALCULUS}$$

A particle moves along a straight line East.. $a(t) = 4\cos t$ $v(0) = 1$ $s(0) = -2$ [0,7]

$$a(3) = ?$$

$$a(5) = ?$$

$$a(t) = 4\cos t$$

$$a(3) = 4\cos 3$$

$$a(t) = 4\cos t$$

$$a(5) = 4\cos 5$$

$$a(3) = -3.96 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$a(5) = 1.13 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$v(t) = ?$$

$$v(3) = ?$$

$$v(t) = v(0) + \int_0^t a(t) dt$$

$$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$$

$$v(3) = 4\sin 3 + 1$$

$$v(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 4\cos t dt$$

$$v(t) = 1 + (4\sin(t) - 2\sin(0))$$

$$v(3) = 1.56 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$v(3) = v(0) + \int_0^3 a(t) dt$$

$$v(3) = 1 + \int_0^3 4\cos t dt$$

$$v(3) = 1 + (4\sin(3) - 2\sin(0))$$

$$v(3) = 1.56 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$$

Moving Right

$$v(5) = ?$$

$$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$$

$$v(5) = 4\sin 5 + 1$$

$$v(5) = -2.84 \frac{m}{s}$$

Moving Left

$$s(t) = ?$$

$$s(2) = ?$$

$$s(t) = s(0) + \int_0^t v(t) dt$$

$$s(t) = s(0) + \int_0^t v(t) dt$$

$$s(t) = s(0) + \int_0^t (4\sin t + 1) dt$$

$$s(2) = s(0) + \int_0^2 v(t) dt$$

$$s(t) = -2 + (-4\cos t + 1t) \Big|_0^t$$

$$s(2) = -2 + \int_0^2 (4\sin t + 1) dt$$

$$s(t) = -2 + ((-4\cos t + 1t) - (-4\cos 0 + 1(0)))$$

$$s(2) = -2 + ((-4\cos(t) + 1t)) \Big|_0^2$$

$$s(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$s(2) = -2 + ((-4\cos(2) + 1(2)) - (-4\cos(0) + 1(0)))$$

$$s(2) = 4 - 4\cos 2$$

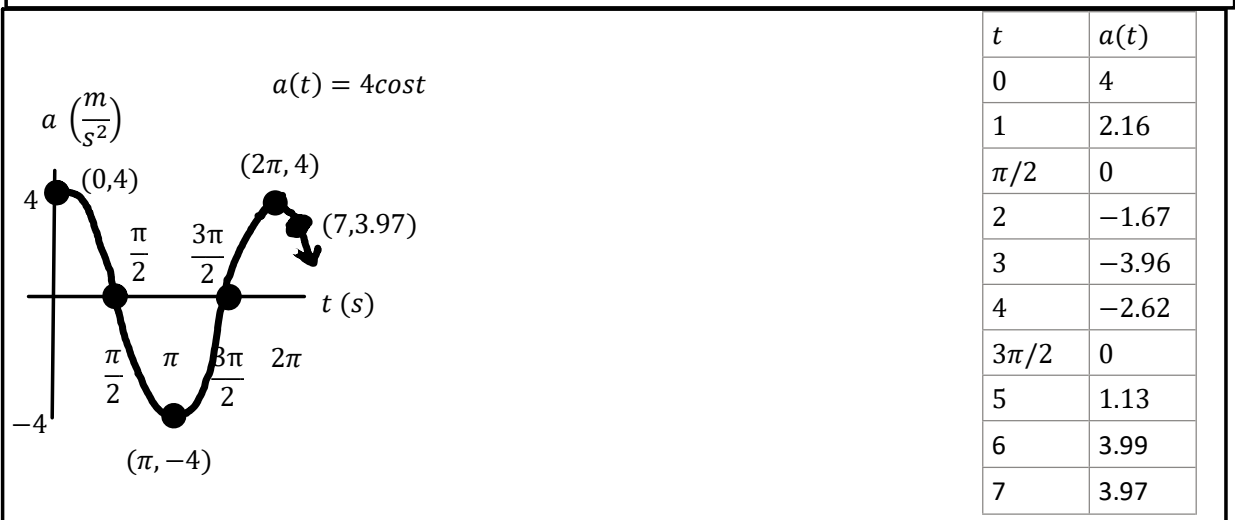
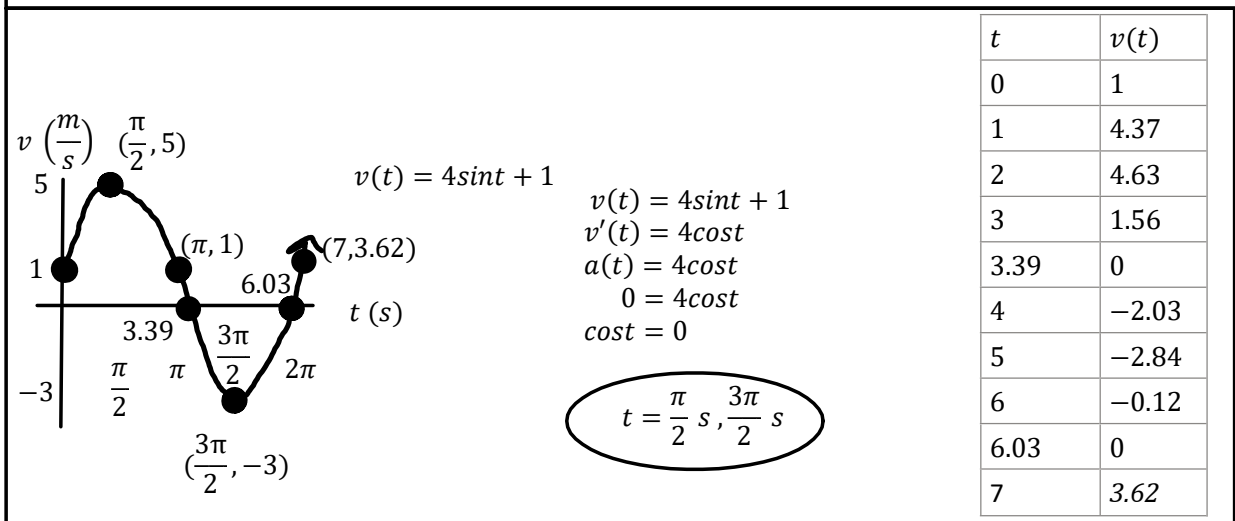
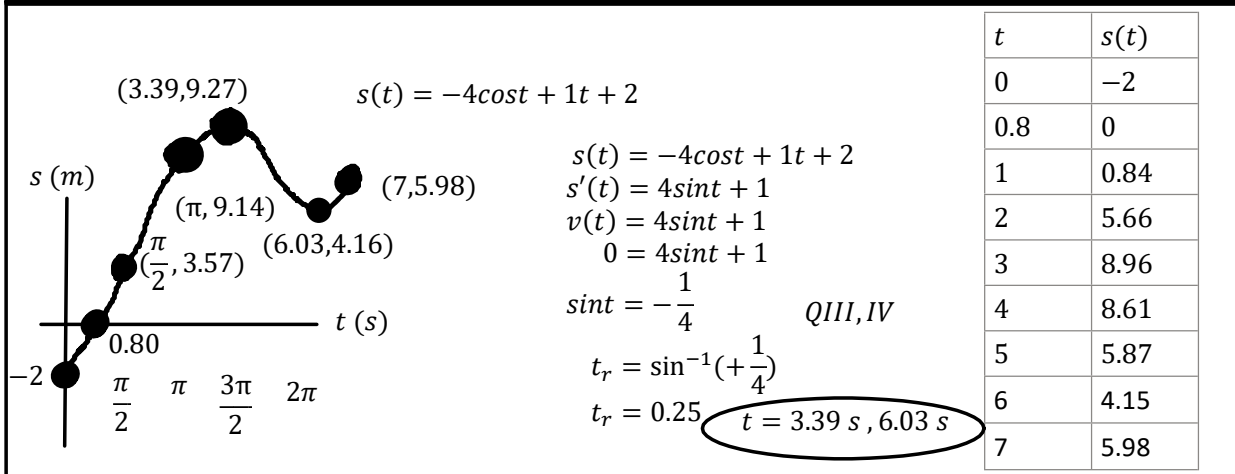
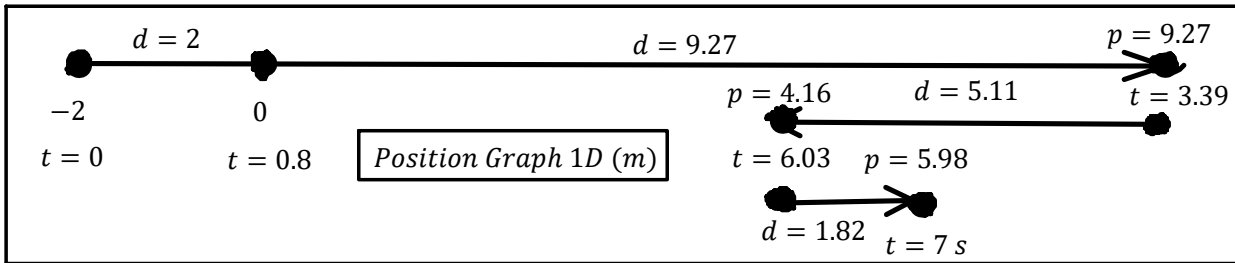
$$s(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$s(2) = -4\cos 2 + 1(2) + 2$$

$$s(2) = 5.66 m$$

$$s(2) = 5.66 m$$

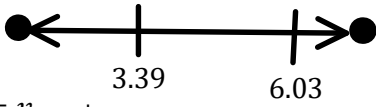
C12 - 5.0 - Int Particle Motion Notes



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Stopped $v = 0$

When is the particle at rest?
 $v = 0$
 $t = 3.39 s, 6.03 s$

When does the particle change direction?

 $s' = v \quad + \quad - \quad +$

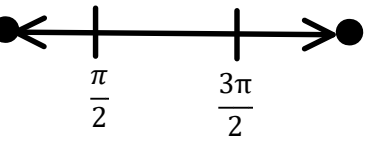
When is the particles acceleration greatest?
 $a = \max$
 $a = 4 \quad t = 0 s, 2\pi s$

When is the particle farthest from the origin?
 $v = 0$ & $s(t)$ Abs Max or Min
 $v(t) = 0 \quad t = 3.39 s$
 $p(3.39) = 9.27 m [W]$
 Check Endpoints
 ~~$s(0) = -2$~~
 ~~$s(6.03) = 4.16$~~
 $s(7) = 3.62$

$v = 0$ & $v + \rightarrow -$ or $- \rightarrow +$
 $t = 3.39 s, 6.03 s$
 $(3.39, 9.27)$ Abs Max
 $(7, 5.98)$ Loc Max
 $(0, -2)$ Loc/Abs Min*
 $(6.03, 4.16)$ Loc Min

When is the particles acceleration least?
 $a = \min$
 $a = -4 \quad t = \pi s$

When is the particle at the origin
 $s(t) = 0$
 $t = 0.80 s$


 $v' = a \quad + \quad - \quad +$
 $t = \frac{\pi}{2} s, \frac{3\pi}{2} s$
 $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 5)$ Abs Max
 $(7, 3.62)$ Loc Max
 $(0, 1)$ Loc Min
 $(\frac{3\pi}{2}, -1)$ Abs Min

When is the particle moving in the positive direction?
 $v > 0$
 $(0, 3.39) \quad (6.03, 7)$
 When is the particle moving in the negative direction?
 $v < 0$
 $(3.39, 6.03)$

When is the particle speeding up?
 v, a same sign
 Speeding up in the negative direction \rightarrow
 $v = +, a = +$
 $v = -, a = -$
 $(0, \frac{\pi}{2}) \quad (3.39, \frac{3\pi}{2})$

When is the particle slowing down?
 v, a different sign
 $v = +, a = -$
 $v = -, a = +$
 $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 3.39) \quad (\frac{3\pi}{2}, 7)$
 Acceleration in the negative direction
 Going forward Slowing Down
 Going backward Slowing Down
 Acceleration in the positive direction

C12 - 5.0 - Int Particle Motion Disp/Dist Notes

What is the displacement : \vec{d} (0,3)
travelled by the particle? (0,7)

$$\vec{d} = \int_a^b (v(t))dt$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_0^3 (4sint + 1)dt$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_0^3 (4sint + 1)dt$$

$$\vec{d} = -4cost + t - (-4cost + t)$$

$$\vec{d} = -4cos3 + 3 - (-4cos0 + 0)$$

$$\vec{d} = 10.96 \text{ m [E]}$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_a^b (v(t))dt$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_0^7 (4sint + 1)dt$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_0^7 (4sint + 1)dt$$

$$\vec{d} = -4cost + t - (-4cost + t)$$

$$\vec{d} = -4cos7 + 7 - (-4cos0 + 0)$$

$$\vec{d} = 7.98 \text{ [E]}$$

$$5.98 + 2 = 7.98$$

What is the distance : d (0,3)
travelled by the particle? (0,7)

$$CP : t = 3.39$$

$$t = 6.03$$

$$d = \int_a^b |v(t)|dt$$

$$d = \int_0^3 |(v(t))|dt$$

$$d = \int_0^3 |4sint + 1|dt$$

Calc : Math 9

$$d = 10.96 \text{ m}$$

$$s(0) = -2 \text{ or } 2 \text{ [W]}$$

$$s(0.8) = 0$$

$$s(3) = -4cost + 1t + 2$$

$$s(3) = -4cos3 + 1(3) + 2$$

$$s(3) = 8.96 \text{ m [E]}$$

$$8.96 + 2 = 10.96$$

$$s(3.39) = 9.27 \text{ [E]}$$

$$s(7) = -4cost + 1t + 2$$

$$s(7) = -4cos7 + 1(7) + 2$$

$$s(7) = 5.98 \text{ m [E]}$$

$$d = \int_a^b |v(t)|dt$$

$$d = \int_0^7 |4sint + 1|dt$$

$$d = \int_0^{3.39} (4sint + 1)dt + \int_{3.39}^7 |4sint + 1|dt$$

$$d = \int_0^{3.39} (4sint + 1)dt - \int_{3.39}^{6.03} (4sint + 1)dt + \int_{6.03}^7 (4sint + 1)dt$$

$$d = ((-4cost + t) - (-4cost + t)) - ((-4cost + t) - (-4cost + t)) + ((-4cost + t) - (-4cost + t))$$

$$d = ((-4cos3.39 + 3.39) - (-4cos0 + 0)) -$$

$$((-4cos6.03 + 6.03) - (-4cos3.39 + 3.39)) +$$

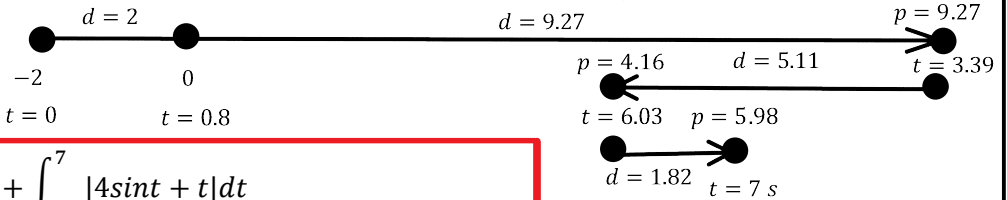
$$((-4cos7 + 7) - (-4cos6.03 + 6.03))$$

$$d = (11.27) - (-5.11) + (1.82)$$

$$d = 18.2 \text{ m}$$

$$d = +2 + 9.27 + 5.11 + 1.82 = 18.2$$

Position Graph 1D (m)



Negative Area so
Minus (3.39,6.03)