

# C12 - 2.13 - Trig Derivatives Notes

$$y = \sin 2x \quad y = \cos x^2 \quad y = \sin(\cos x) \quad y = \sin 2x$$

$$y' = \cos 2x \times 2 \quad y' = -\sin x^2 \times 2x \quad y' = \cos(\cos x) \times (-\sin x) \quad y' = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\boxed{y' = 2 \cos 2x} \quad \boxed{y' = -2x(\sin x^2)} \quad \boxed{y' = -\sin x \cos^2 x} \quad \boxed{y' = 2 \cos 2x}$$

Trig Identities

$$y = \sin(\text{that}) \quad y = \cos(\text{that})$$

$$y' = \cos(\text{that}) \times (\text{chain that}) \quad y' = -\sin(\text{that}) \times (\text{chain that})$$

Not a Product

$$y = \sin(3x + 1) \quad y = \sin^2 x \quad y = \sin^2 3x \quad y = \sin x \sec x$$

$$y' = \cos(3x + 1) \times 3 \quad y = (\sin x)^2 \quad y = (\sin 3x)^2 \quad y = \sin x \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

$$\boxed{y' = 3 \cos(3x + 1)} \quad \boxed{y' = 2 \sin x \cos x} \quad \boxed{y' = 2(\sin 3x)(\cos 3x)(3)} \quad \boxed{y' = \cos 3x}$$

$$y' = 2 \sin x \cos x \quad y' = 6 \sin 3x \cos 3x \quad y' = \tan x \quad \boxed{y' = \sec^2 x}$$

$$\boxed{y' = \sin 2x} \quad \boxed{y' = 3 \sin 6x}$$

Inside

$$y = \sec(2x) \quad y = \csc x^2 \quad y = \tan(\sqrt{x}) \quad y = \cot\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$y' = \sec(2x) \tan(2x) \times 2 \quad \boxed{y' = -\csc x^2 \cot x^2(2x)} \quad y' = \sec^2 \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) \quad y' = -\csc^2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$

$$\boxed{y' = 2 \sec(2x) \tan(2x)} \quad \boxed{y' = \sec^2 x}$$

$$y = \sec(\tan x) \quad \boxed{y' = \frac{\sec^2 \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}} \quad \boxed{y' = \frac{\csc^2(\frac{1}{x})}{x^2}}$$

$$\boxed{y' = \sec(\tan x) \tan(\tan x) \times \sec^2 x}$$

$y = \frac{1}{\cos x} = \sec x$ <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Proofs</span> $y' = \frac{0(\cos x) - -\sin x(1)}{\cos^2 x}$	$y = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \tan x$ $y' = \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$	$y = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \csc x$ $y' = \frac{0(\sin x) - (\cos x)(1)}{\sin^2 x}$	$y = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \cot x$ $y' = \frac{-\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$
$y' = \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x}$ $\boxed{y' = \sec x \tan x}$	$y' = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = \boxed{\sec^2 x}$	$y' = \frac{-\cos x}{\sin^2 x}$ $\boxed{y' = -\csc x \cot x}$	$y' = \frac{-1}{\sin^2 x} = \boxed{-\csc^2 x}$
$y = \tan(\text{that})$ $y' = \sec^2(\text{that}) \times \text{chain that}$		$y = \cot(\text{that})$ $y' = -\csc^2(\text{that}) \times \text{chain that}$	
$y = \sec(\text{that})$ $y' = \sec(\text{that}) \tan(\text{that}) \times (\text{chain that})$		$y = \csc(\text{that})$ $y' = -\csc(\text{that}) \cot(\text{that}) \times (\text{chain that})$	

$$y = \cos(\sin 2x) \quad y = \cos^3(\sin 2x) \quad y = \cos(\sin 2x)$$

$$\boxed{y' = -\sin(\sin 2x)(\cos 2x)(2)} \quad y = (\cos(\sin 2x))^3 \quad \boxed{y' = -\sin(\sin 2x)(\cos 2x)(2)}$$

$$y' = 3(\cos(\sin 2x))^2(-\sin(\sin 2x)(\cos 2x)(2))$$

$$\boxed{y' = -6(\cos(\sin 2x))^2 \sin(\sin 2x) \cos 2x}$$

Inside

$$y = \sqrt{\cos 5x} \quad \boxed{\text{Inside}} \quad y = \cos 5x \quad y = \sec^7 x$$

$$y = (\cos 5x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad y' = -\sin(5x)(5) \quad y = 2 \sec^2 x^7 \quad \boxed{\text{Inside}} \quad y' = (\sec x^7)(\tan x^7)(7x^6)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(\cos 5x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(-\sin 5x)(5) \quad \boxed{y' = 4(\sec x^7)^1(\sec x^7)(\tan x^7)(7x^6)}$$

$$\boxed{y' = -\frac{5 \sin 5x}{2\sqrt{\cos 5x}}} \quad \boxed{y' = 28x^6(\sec^2 x^7)(\tan x^7)}$$

$$y = x \sin x$$

$$\boxed{y' = \sin x + x \cos x}$$

## C12 - 2.13 - Trig Derivatives Notes

$$y = \frac{\cot x}{1 + \csc x}$$

$$y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \frac{1}{\sin x}} \times LCD$$

$$y = \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x + \cos x + \cos x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^2 x + 2\cos x}{(\sin x + 1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^2 x + 2\cos x}{(\sin x + 1)^2}$$

$$y = \csc x \cot x = \frac{\csc x}{\tan x}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{\sin x} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x}$$

$$y = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^3 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin^3 x - 2\sin x \cos^2 x}{\sin^4 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin^2 x - 2\cos^2 x}{\sin^3 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin^2 x - 2(1 - \sin^2 x)}{\sin^3 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^2 x - 2}{\sin^3 x} = \csc x - 2 \csc^3 x$$

$$y = \csc x \cot x$$

$$y' = -\csc x \cot^2 x - \csc^3 x$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{\sin x} \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{1}{\sin^3 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\cos^2 x - 1}{\sin^3 x}$$

$$y' = \frac{\sin^3 x}{\sin^2 x - 2}$$

$$y' = \csc x - 2 \csc^3 x$$

$$y = \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right)^2$$

**Inside**

$$y' = 2 \left( \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right)^1 \left( \frac{1}{1 + \cos x} \right)$$

$$y' = \frac{2\sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$y' = \frac{(\cos x)(1 + \cos x) - (-\sin x)(\sin x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{\cos x + 1}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + \cos x}$$

$u = \sin x$
$u' = \cos x$
$v = 1 + \cos x$
$v' = -\sin x$
$y = \frac{u}{v}$
$y' = \frac{u'v - v'u}{v^2}$

$$y = \sin(xy)$$

$$y' = \cos(xy)(1y + y'x)$$

## C12 - 2.13 - Inverse Trig Derivative Notes

$$y = \tan^{-1} x^3$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + (x^3)^2} \times 3x^2$$

$$y' = \frac{3x^2}{1 + x^6}$$

$$y = \sin^{-1}(2x)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (2x)^2}}(2)$$

$$y' = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 - 4x^2}}$$

$$y = \cos^{-1}(x^2)$$

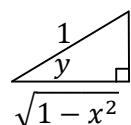
$$y' = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (x^2)^2}}(2x)$$

$$y' = -\frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 - x^4}}$$

$$y = \sec^{-1}(2x)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2x\sqrt{(2x)^2 - 1}}(2)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{4x^2 - 1}}$$



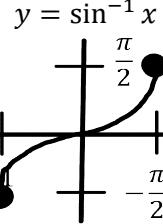
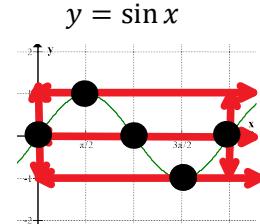
$$\cos y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$\sin y = x$$

$$\cos y y' = 1$$

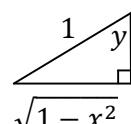
$$y' = \frac{1}{\cos y}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$



Range

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$



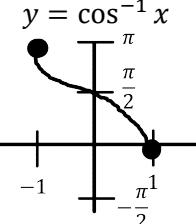
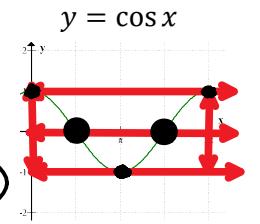
$$\sin y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$\cos y = x$$

$$-\sin y y' = 1$$

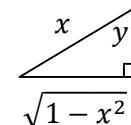
$$y' = -\frac{1}{\sin y}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$



Range

$$0 \leq y \leq \pi$$



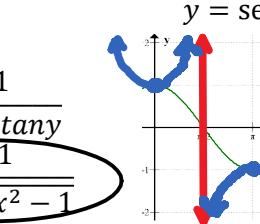
$$\tan y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$\sec y = x$$

$$\sec y \tan y y' = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sec y \tan y}$$

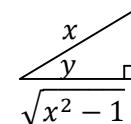
$$y' = \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$



Range

$$0 < y < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} < y < \pi$$



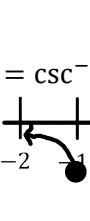
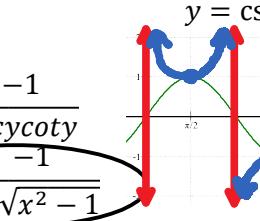
$$\cot y = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$\csc y = x$$

$$-\csc y \cot y y' = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\csc y \cot y}$$

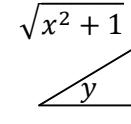
$$y' = \frac{-1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$



Range

$$0 < y < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} < y < 0$$



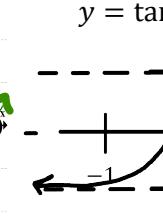
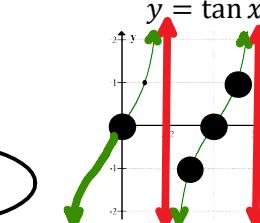
$$\sec y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

$$\tan y = x$$

$$\sec^2 y y' = 1$$

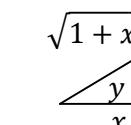
$$y' = \frac{1}{\sec^2 y}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$$



Range

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} < y < \frac{\pi}{2}$$



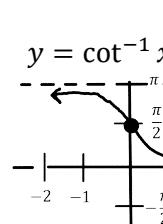
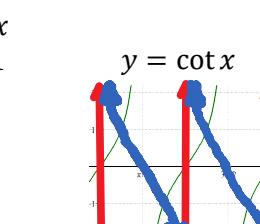
$$\csc y = \sqrt{1 + x^2}$$

$$\cot y = x$$

$$-\csc^2 y y' = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\csc^2 y}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{1 + x^2}$$



Range

$$0 \leq y \leq \pi$$