

C12 - 5.8 - ln/e +1 - 1 + Long Div/Sep Frac Int Notes

$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$\ln|x| + C$

$$\int \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

$\ln|x+1| + C$

$$\int \frac{x}{x+1} dx$$

$+1-1$

$$\int \frac{x+1-1}{x+1} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x+1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

Separate Fractions

$$\int 1 - \frac{1}{x+1} dx$$

$\frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c}$

$x - \ln|x+1| + C$

$$\int \frac{2}{x-2} dx$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{x-2} dx$$

$2\ln|x-2| + C$

$y = 2\ln|x-2|$
 $y' = \frac{2}{x-2}$

$$\int \frac{x}{x-2} dx = ?$$

$$\int \left(1 + \frac{2}{x-2}\right) dx = ?$$

$x + 2\ln|x-2| + C$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ x-2 \overline{)x+0} \\ \underline{x-2} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

Long Division

$\frac{x}{x-2} = 1 + \frac{2}{x-2}$

$$\frac{x}{x-2} + 2$$

$+2-2$

$$\frac{x-2}{x-2} + \frac{2}{x-2}$$

Separate Fractions

$1 + \frac{2}{x-2}$

$$\int e^x = e^x + C$$

$$\int e^{2x} = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + C$$

Think: What would you have to divide by to reverse chain rule?

$$\int 5^x = \frac{5^x}{\ln 5} + C$$

$$\int 7^{2x} = \frac{7^{2x}}{2\ln 7} + C$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx$$

$$\int 1 - \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$$

$$\int 1 dx - \int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$$

$x - \ln|1+e^x| + C$

$$\frac{1}{1+e^x}$$

$+e^x - e^x$

$$\frac{1+e^x - e^x}{1+e^x}$$

$$\frac{1+e^x}{1+e^x} - \frac{e^x}{1+e^x}$$

Separate Fractions

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{e^x du}{1+u e^x}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+u} du$$

$\ln|1+u| + C$
 $\ln|1+e^x| + C$

$u = e^x$
 $\frac{du}{dx} = e^x$
 $dx = \frac{du}{e^x}$

$$\int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{e^x du}{u e^x}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u} du$$

OR

$\ln|u| + C$
 $\ln|1+e^x| + C$

$u = 1+e^x$

$\frac{du}{dx} = e^x$

$dx = \frac{du}{e^x}$