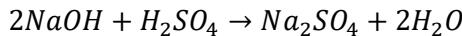


C11 - 3.6 - Neutralize/Precipitate Notes

$$c = \frac{n}{V}$$

0.040 L, M = 1.5 H₂SO₄ & 0.025 L, M = ? NaOH



$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 1.5 \times 0.04 \\ n &= 0.06 \text{ mol H}_2\text{SO}_4 \end{aligned}$$

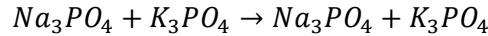
$$0.06 \text{ mol H}_2\text{SO}_4 \times \frac{2 \text{ mol NaOH}}{1 \text{ mol H}_2\text{SO}_4} = 0.12 \text{ mol NaOH}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c &= \frac{n}{V} \\ c &= \frac{0.12}{0.025} \\ c &= 4.8 \text{ M NaOH} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{c_a v_a}{r_a} &= \frac{c_b v_b}{r_b} \\ c_a &= \frac{c_b v_b r_a}{r_b v_a} \\ c_a &= \frac{(1.5)(0.04)(2)}{(0.025)(1)} \\ c_a &= 4.8 \text{ M NaOH} \end{aligned}$$

Find the ion concentration of all products.

75 mL, 0.2 M Na₃PO₄ & 25 mL, 0.8 M K₃PO₄



$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 0.2 \times 0.075 \\ n &= 0.015 \text{ mol Na}_3(\text{PO}_4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 0.8 \times 0.025 \\ n &= 0.020 \text{ mol K}_3(\text{PO}_4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0.015 \text{ mol} + 0.020 \text{ mol} &= 0.035 \text{ mol PO}_4^{3-} \\ [\text{PO}_4^{3-}] &= \frac{0.035 \text{ mol}}{0.1L} = 0.35 \text{ M} \end{aligned}$$

$$75\text{mL} + 25\text{mL} = 100\text{mL} = 0.1L$$

$$0.015 \text{ mol} \times \frac{3 \text{ atoms Na}^+}{\text{molecule Na}_3} = 0.045 \text{ mol}$$

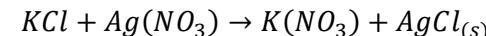
$$0.020 \text{ mol} \times \frac{3 \text{ atoms K}^+}{\text{molecule K}_3} = 0.060 \text{ mol}$$

$$[\text{Na}^+] = \frac{0.045 \text{ mol}}{0.1L} = 0.450 \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{K}^+] = \frac{0.060 \text{ mol}}{0.1L} = 0.600 \text{ M}$$

Find the ion concentration of Cl⁻ in product.

0.4 L, 0.45 M KCl & 0.2 L, 0.75 M Ag(No₃)



$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 0.45 \times 0.4 \\ n &= 0.18 \text{ mol KCl} \\ n &= 0.18 \text{ mol Cl} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 0.75 \times 0.2 \\ n &= 0.15 \text{ mol Ag(No}_3\text{)} \\ n &= 0.15 \text{ mol Ag} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Ag}^+] &= 0; \text{ ppt} \\ \text{Less moles} &\rightarrow \text{used up} \\ \text{mol Cl} &= 0.18 - 0.15 = 0.03 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c &= \frac{n}{V} \\ c &= \frac{0.03}{0.6} \\ c &= 0.05 \text{ M} [\text{Cl}^-] \text{ after ppt} \end{aligned}$$

Equal # of moles react with equal # of moles

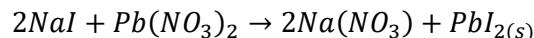
$$\begin{aligned} \text{OR } c &= \frac{0.18}{0.6} \\ c &= 0.3 \text{ M} [\text{Cl}^-] \text{ before ppt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c &= \frac{0.15}{0.6} \\ c &= 0.25 \text{ M} [\text{Ag}^+] \text{ b/ppt} \end{aligned}$$

$$[\text{Cl}^-] = 0.3 - 0.25 = 0.05 \text{ M after ppt}$$

Find the ion concentration of Pb²⁺ in product.

1.3 L, 0.75 M NaI, 0.75 L, 2.4 MPb(No₃)₂



$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 0.75 \times 1.3 \\ n &= 0.975 \text{ mol NaI} \\ n &= 0.975 \text{ mol I} \end{aligned}$$

$$[\text{I}^-] = 0 \text{ M}, \text{ a/ppt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &= cV \\ n &= 2.4 \times 0.75 \\ n &= 1.8 \text{ mol Pb(No}_3\text{)}_2 \\ n &= 1.8 \text{ mol Pb} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{mol Pb} = 1.8 - 0.975 = 0.825$$

$$\begin{aligned} c &= \frac{n}{V} \\ c &= \frac{0.825}{2.05} \\ c &= 0.4 [\text{Pb}^{2+}] \text{ a/ppt} \end{aligned}$$