C12 - 0.0 - Acid Base Strength RELATIVE STRENGTHS OF BRØNSTED-LOWRY ACIDS AND BASES

 in aqueous	solution	at room	temperature
III addoodd	the second s		

Strength of Acid	Name of Acid	Acid	Base	Ka	Strength of Base	
OTTOR	Perchloric	HCIO4 —	→ H ⁺ + CIO ₄ ⁻			
	Hydriodic	н —	→ H ⁺ + I ⁻	191396		
EQUALLY	Hydrobromic	HBr —	→ H+ + Br-	Jurisd	DO NOT	
STRONG ACIDS	the second	HCI —	→ H ⁺ + CI ⁻	a color	ACT AS BASES	
ACIDO	Hydrochloric	En surger	→ H ⁺ + NO ₃		DASES	
	Nitric	and the second se	→ H ⁺ + HSO ₄	n Poliso		
Sulphuric			And an and a second	1.0		
Strong Hydronium ion			≥ H ⁺ + H ₂ O		Weak	
Λ	lodic	and the first of the second	\rightarrow H ⁺ + IO ₃	1.7 x 10 -1		
47	Oxalic		\rightarrow H ⁺ + HC ₂ O ₄	5.9 x 10 -2		
	Sulphurous (SO ₂ + H ₂ O)		\rightarrow H ⁺ + HSO ₃	1.5 x 10 -2		
F	Hydrogen sulphate ion		\Rightarrow H ⁺ + SO ₄ ²⁻	1.2 x 10 -2		
	Phosphoric	the second s	\Rightarrow H ⁺ + H ₂ PO ₄	7.5 x 10 -3		
	Iron(III), hexaaquoiron(III) ion	$Fe(H_2O)_6^{3+} =$	→ H ⁺ + Fe(H ₂ O) ₅ (OH) ²⁺	and the second se		
	Citric	H3C6H5O7 🔫	$\Rightarrow H^+ + H_2C_6H_5O_7^-$	7.1 x 10-4		
	Nitrous	HNO ₂ =	\Rightarrow H ⁺ + NO ₂ ⁻	4.6 x 10-4		
	Hydrofluoric	HF =	≥ H+ + F-	3.5 x 10 -4		
	Methanoic, formic		≥ H+ + HCOO-	1.8 x 10-4		
	Chromium(III), hexaaquochromium(III) ion		\Rightarrow H ⁺ + Cr(H ₂ O) ₅ (OH) ²⁺	1.5 x 10-4		
	Benzoic	C6H5COOH 🗲	→ H ⁺ + C ₆ H ₅ COO ⁻	6.5 x 10 ⁻⁵		
	Hydrogen oxalate ion	$HC_2O_4^-$	\Rightarrow H ⁺ + C ₂ O ₄ ²⁻	6.4 x 10 ⁻⁵		
	Ethanoic, acetic	СН3СООН 🗲	→ H ⁺ + CH ₃ COO-	1.8 x 10 ⁻⁵		
	Dihydrogen citrate ion		\Rightarrow H ⁺ + HC ₆ H ₅ O ₇ ²⁻	1.7 x 10 ⁻⁵		
	Aluminum ion, hexaaquoaluminum ion	$AI(H_2O)_6^{3+}$	\rightarrow H ⁺ + AI(H ₂ O) ₅ (OH) ²⁺	1.4 x 10 ⁻⁵		
1	Carbonic (CO ₂ + H ₂ O)		\rightarrow H ⁺ + HCO ₃	4.3 x 10 ⁻⁷		
	Monohydrogen citrate ion	$HC_{6}H_{5}O_{7}^{2-}$	$harphi H^+ + C_6 H_5 O_7^{3-}$	4.1 x 10 ⁻⁷		
	Hydrogen sulphite ion		$H^+ + SO_3^{2-}$	1.0 x 10 ⁻⁷		
	Hydrogen sulphide	H ₂ S =	≥ H+ + HS-	9.1 x 10 ⁻⁸		
	Dihydrogen phosphate ion	$H_2PO_4^- =$	\rightarrow H ⁺ + HPO ₄ ²⁻	6.2 x 10 ⁻⁸		
	Boric		\Rightarrow H ⁺ + H ₂ BO ₃	7.3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰		
11	Ammonium ion		→ H ⁺ + NH ₃	5.6 x 10 ⁻¹⁰		
	Hydrocyanic		► H+ + CN-	4.9 x 10 ⁻¹⁰		
	Phenol	С6Н5ОН 🤜	$-H^+ + C_{6H5O^-}$	1.3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰		
	Hydrogen carbonate ion		= H ⁺ + CO ₃ ²⁻	5.6 x 10 ⁻¹¹		
	Hydrogen peroxide		→ H ⁺ + HO ₂	2.4 x 10 ⁻¹²	2	
	Monohydrogen phosphate ion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	= H ⁺ + PO ₄ ³⁻	2.2 x 10 ⁻¹³		
Weak	Water	and a second	→ H ⁺ + OH ⁻	1.0 x 10 - 14	Strong	
DONOT	8.5 × 10 ⁻¹			Oxide	EQUALLY STRONG	
ACT AS ACIDS	B Bruge		$- H^+ + O^{2-}$ $- H^+ + NH_2^-$	Amide	BASES	