## C12-3.0-Polys Long/Synth/Graph Review

1) State date whether the following are polynomial or not.
a) $y=x^{2}-5$
b) $y=5^{x}$
c) $y=x^{3}$
d) $y=\sin x$
e) $y=\frac{1}{x}+4$
f) $y=2^{-3} x$
g) $y=-3 x^{-2}$
h) $y=-x^{3}+3 x^{2}+1$
i) $y=\sqrt{2} x+5$
j) $y=\sqrt{2 x}+5$
k) $y=8$
l) $y=\log x$
m) $x^{2}+y^{2}=4$

o)


2) Find the degree of the polynomial and name its type, leading term, leading coefficient and constant term and the constant term's meaning.
a) $y=-2 x^{4}+5 x+1$
b) $y=2 x+1$
c) $y=3 x^{5}-8 x^{2}+2 x+5$
d) $y=-x^{3}+2 x-4$
e) $y=5$
3) Graph with a table of values.
a) $y=x^{2}-2 x-3$
b) $y=x^{3}-2 x^{2}-x+2$
$(x-1)(x+1)(x-2)$
$\left(x^{\wedge} 2-1\right)(x-2)$
4) Find $x$-intercepts
a) $y=(x-2)^{2}$
b) $y=x^{3}+5 x^{2}+6 x$
c) $y=x^{3}+x^{2}-x-1$
d) $y=x^{3}-7 x+5$
5) Do Synthetic and Long Division and write in division and multiplication form.
a) $\frac{x^{3}+x^{2}-8 x+4}{x-2}$
b) $\frac{x^{3}-7 x-6}{x+2}$
$\frac{x^{4}-x^{3}+2 x^{2}-6 x-12}{x+2}$
c) $\frac{2 x^{2}+3 x-2}{2 x-1}$
d) $\frac{x^{3}+x^{2}+x+1}{x^{2}-1}$
e) $\frac{x^{3}-1}{x-1}$
6) 

a) $\frac{x^{3}+x^{2}-8 x+7}{x-2}$
7)Find the number of $x$ intercepts.
$y=x(x-1)\left(x^{2}+1\right)$
8) Find possible expressions for height if and find Volume if $\mathrm{x}=3$ :

9)

Is $(x-2)$ a factor of
$f(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}-8 x+4$ ?
Is $(2 x+1)$ a factor of $f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-7 x+5$ ?

If a polynomial $f(x)$ is divided by $x-a$, what is the remainder?
10) Find $k$ and or $m$ :

If $(x+3)$ is a factor of $f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}+k x-6$.

If $f(x)$ is divided by $(x-1)$ and the remainder is -8 , if : $f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-5 x+k$.

If when divided by $(x+3)$ the remainder is 4 and if
$(x-2)$ is a factor if :
$f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}+m x+k$.
If when divided by $(x+2)$ the remainder is the same
as if divided by $(x+1)$ if :
$f(x)=m x^{3}-7 x+k$.

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11) Graph/State the Domain and Range and Asymptote(s) and find any Intercepts. State the Multiplicity of all x-intercepts. Identify End Behavior. Find Domain of $f(x)>0, f(x)<0$. Find the max or min if possible on your graphing calculator.
a) $f(x)=x^{2}-6 x+5$
b) $y=x^{4}-13 x^{2}-12 x$
c) $f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-5 x-6$
d) $y=2 x^{3}+9 x^{2}+3 x-4$
e) $y=x(x-2)^{2}(x+2)^{3}$
f) $f(x)=-(x+2)^{3}(1-x)$
g) $y=x^{4}-2 x^{3}+2 x-1$
h) $y=6 x^{4}-20 x^{3}-6 x^{2}+24 x+36$ $-2(x-1)(3 x+1)(x+2)^{\wedge} 2$
12) Find Equation.
a) $x-$ int $=1,3$
$y-i n t=3$
b) $x-$ int $=-4,-2,1$
$y-i n t=4$
c) $x-$ int $=-2,0,2$
d) $x-$ int $=-2,-2,2$
$y-i n t=-8$
13) Find Equation.
a) Leading Term: $-2 x^{3}$
b) Zeros at $x=-2,1$
c) Zero at $x=-1$; multiplicity of 2
d) Zeros at $x=2, \frac{1}{2}, 0$
e) Zero at $x=-3$; multiplicity of 2
$y$ - int: 54
f) Zeros at $x= \pm \sqrt{2},-1$
14) Find the maximum and minimum number of intercepts and find the maximum and minimum number of turns.
a) $-2 x^{4} \ldots$
b) $3 x^{5} \ldots$
c) $-\frac{1}{2} x^{2} \ldots$
15) Find the new $x$ - intercepts of a graph of $y=(x+2)(x-1)(x+3)$
Has a horizontal compression of $1 / 2$ and vertical stretch by a factor of 2 .
16) Find the new equation of $y=x^{3}$ translated to have the point $(3,9)$.
Find the new equation of $y=x^{3}$ stretched to have the point $(4,8)$.
17) Find the new equation of $y=x^{3}-x^{2}+x-$ 1 with a $\mathrm{HC}=1 / 2$, a VR and up 1.

## Definition

TOV
Factor/x-int
Synthetic/Long Div
Remainder/Factor Theorem
Div \& Mult Forms
Graph
Domain \& Range
Asymptotes
Intercepts
End Behavior
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})>0,<0$
Max/Min
Find Equation
\# x-intercepts
Turning Points
Transformations
Potential Factors
Find Equation
Word Problems
15) List the potential factors
$y=3 x^{2}+5 x-2$

## C12-3.0-Polys Long/Synth/Graph Review

19) Name the type of polynomial. Identify the possible degree and a possible leading term.
a)

b)

20) Transform the following graph : $\mathrm{VE}=2, \mathrm{VR}, \mathrm{HE}=2$, Right 1 .

21) Find Equation.




## C12-3.0-Polys Long/Synth/Graph Review

## Geometry

22) Find the possible dimensions of a rectangular box with the volume of $\mathrm{V}=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-5 x-6$
23) An open rectangular box is made by cutting equal lengths from each corner of a 4 cm by 6 cm rectangular piece of cardboard, then folding up the sides. Find the length of the square that must be cut from each corner so the box has a volume of $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. And find Max Volume. $x=1, \mathrm{~V}=8.45$
24) A box of $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ length's are increased by the same amount. Find the increase, the new dimensions and Volume if the new volume is 8 times larger. $x=1$.
25) A box of $1 \times 2 \times 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ length's are increased by the same amount. Find the increase, the new dimensions and Volume if the new volume is 20 times larger. $x=3.4 \times 5 \times 6, V=120$
26) Find the dimensions of a rectangular box with square ends has lengths 2 cm more than the length of the square ends with a volume of $175 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$.
27) Find the dimensions of a Triangular prism with an equilateral base and a height of the prism equal to the length of the sides of the equilateral triangle; has a volume of $50 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$.
28) A Frustrum (A Bucket) is the leftover part of a cone after a cone is cut from a cone where the smaller radius is half the radius of the larger radius. The height of the bucket is 2 centimeters greater than the radius of the base. Find the dimensions if the volume of the bucket is $50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
29) Find the dimensions of a cylinder with a height 2 centimeters greater than the radius with the volume of 355 milliliters. $1 \mathrm{ml}=1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
30) A buoy on a sailboat is in the shape of a right circular cylinder with hemispheres on each end with a total length of 14 centimeters and the volume of $108 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Find the radius of the buoy.
31) Find the lengths of the sides right angle triangle with an area of $48 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and has the hypotenuse 1 meter longer than one of the sides.

Numbers
32) Find three consecutive integers whose product is 2730.
33) Find four consecutive odd integers whose product is 3465.

## Rev/Cost/Profit

34) A company has a revenue function of $R(x)=100 x-.1 x^{3}$ and a cost function of $C(x)=1000+2 x$. let $x=\#$ of units.
a) Find the maximum revenue. $(18.25,1217.16)$
b) Find the maximum profit. $(18.07,180.82)$
c) Find the break even points. $x=11.94,23.57$. Find the domain and the range of the company's survival.
