## S12-3.6-Hyp Testing Notes

Alternative is the Claim. Null: Nothing Changed. Fail/Reject is about $H_{O}$

Claim: Average male height is NOT 160 cm ? Gov' says $\mu=160.100$ males $. \bar{x}=162 \mathrm{~cm} . \mathrm{s}=8 \mathrm{~cm} .95 \%$ CL. Null Hypothesis $H_{o}$ : Average male height is $160 \mathrm{~cm} \quad H_{o}: \mu=160 \mathrm{~cm}$
Alternate Hypothesis $H_{a}$ : Average male height $>$ or $<160 \mathrm{~cm} \quad H_{a}: \mu \neq 160$
$n=100$ males
$\mu=162 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\sigma=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
$n>30$ 95\% Confidence Level Significance Level


Reject $H_{0}$ : There is sufficient evidence average male height is NOT 160 cm at a 95\% confidence level.

$z_{c}=2.5$


In a random sample 200 out of 1000 failed to finish university in under 4 years. (Finished in over 4 years/or did not finish*) Claim: Less than 25\% finish in university under 4 years. 99\% CL.


Claim: Average male height is more than 160 cm ? Gov' says $\mu=160.25$ males $. \bar{x}=162 \mathrm{~cm} . s=8 \mathrm{~cm} .90 \% \mathrm{CL}$.
Null Hypothesis $H_{o}$ : Average male height is less than 160 cm .
Alternate Hypothesis $H_{a}$ : Average male height $>160 \mathrm{~cm}$


Fail to Reject $H_{0}$ : There is NOT sufficient evidence average male height is less than 160 cm at a $90 \% \mathrm{CL}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& H_{o}: \bar{x} \leq 160 \\
& H_{a}: \bar{x}>160
\end{aligned}
$$

| $n=25$ males | $90 \% C L$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $n=162 \mathrm{~cm}$ $\mathrm{SL} \alpha=0.1$ | $t_{c}=\frac{\bar{x}-\mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}}$ |  |
| $s=8 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $d f=n-1$ |  |
| $n<30$ | $d f=25-1$ | $t_{c}=\frac{162-160}{\frac{8}{\sqrt{25}}}$ |
|  |  |  |
| $t_{c}=1.25$ |  |  |



A cincipe


A principle expect students are absent equally in a five day school week. 100 teachers results below. 5\% SL.


